

## Natal violence

UDF NATIONAL WORKSHOP,  
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- not black on black violence, but warlords attacking
  - GB fuelling the violence
  - suggesting an end to violence
    - Leaders should not see Gatscha (Natal)
  - violence not in our interest
  - look at question of meeting GB
  - GB has support of impartialism
  - call for SADF/security forces; instead UN peace-keeping but problem of practicality
  - if there is a meeting, it must be a wider Inkatha meeting (prospects for division)
  - Campaign for Peace (nationally + internationally)
  - Call for a national stayaway
  - Emphasise: importance of work in rural Natal.
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- issue of whether we accept the SADF intervention in the conflict // should Cde Mandela meet GB // solution
  - Cde from Natal: GB losing support in Natal
  - meeting with GB: conditions on the ground should dictate
  - UN should set up a commission
  - Natal: action against GB via mass action / stayaways etc

## DUAL POWER + Stein's fund

- problem of co-optation or revolution
- \*
  - mass participation
  - need to utilise the money
  - take power at local level
- R36 is to draw our organizations into negotiations, esp. at a local level.
- Dual power
  - cannot be sep from state institutions
  - presupposes an equilibrium
  - legitimacy (state does not enjoy)
- - crucial step to transfer of power
  - we cannot say we in state of DP
- Forms <sup>towards</sup> DP
  - peoples
    - education
    - civics - local govt
  - our people expect housing, water, services
  - events in banknotes
  - need capability: mass organization  
cadreship (understanding)
- reform / revolution: avoid co-optation by taking opportunities
- avoid trap: leadership / people ⇒ clear idea

## Future of UDF - Popo Molefe

- UDF led mass struggles - led to climate favourable to unbanning of ANC + SACP
  - But unbannings led to uncertainty - UDF can no longer occupy political centre stage - what should happen to UDF
- (1) UDF disbands and members join ANC
  - (2) UDF continue
  - (3) UDF change its form with ANC having <sup>greater</sup> ~~changed its~~ profile
- UDF have to decide on its future
  - some UDF affiliates can be absorbed into ANC
    - eg: TIC + NIC
    - Sayee - ANC-TL
    - Women's sector - ANC-WC
  - urgent task of building organisation still exist
  - But many orgs cannot be absorbed into ANC
    - eg: NSC, NECC, are not affiliates
  - what happens to cultural, religious and other organisations
  - adoption of Freedom Charter, narrowed the base of UDF
  - Task of rebuilding ANC - vests to a great

extent on the ~~ANC~~ UDF

- rear recruitment of activists into ANC, would reduce the profile of the UDF
- in the build up to negotiations, we must keep the mass struggle.
- we require the existence of the UDF up until the ANC structures are intact
- the UDF has to continue to exist until ANC's December conference. Thereafter the UDF should review its existence.
- The govt not prepared to ~~relinquish~~ relinquish power, are the changes so far gone that they are irreversible.
- The ANC can now operate legally, ~~but~~ and strengthens the mass struggle & also the armed struggle.
- The ANC can also be banned ~~and~~ again, but it cannot ban UDF (because the UDF has not adopted <sup>armed</sup> struggle)
- ~~can also~~ But, it can ban / detain individuals
- Q5:
  - (2) Can we realise middle ground
  - (3) intensify mass struggle

## Questions

- (1) There is consensus UDF play central in building ANC.  
While  
What should the relationship bet UDF & ANC be
  2. UDF + Cosatu strategise + meet jointly. How  
is establishment of ANC structure going to  
affect
  3. Should the UDF continue in present form,  
phase itself <sup>out</sup> or transform it.
- to Whatever route, explain how process should  
develop & time period.
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## SHOULD UDF CONTINUE

- UDF emerged as a political centre
  - But the UDF also existed as co-ordinating body  
of various sectors
  - sectors assist in building ANC; but ~~retain sectors and~~  
retain independence
  - UDF must wither away
- youth & women would join ANC & <sup>therefore</sup> core of UDF  
would be removed

to UDF should

## Group 1

- UDF should transform itself
  - no contradiction / competition with ANC
  - actively build ANC at mass levels
  - UDF must concentrate co-ordinate
  - must reduce nat'l pol profile
  - bring in non-UDF orgs under its banner
  - transformed organ - bring in broad range of organizations
  - no mechanical transformation
- relationship bet UDF / Cosatu - what about revolutionary alliance. ANC / SACP / COSATU

## Group 2

- help rebuild ANC structures
- UDF change character
- co-ordinating front
- gradually pushing out
- UDF people appointed to ANC must continue play their role in UDF

## Group 3

- civics must be transformed in organs of people's power

- shape ~~and~~ of UDF will develop during transitional period

- political task handed over to ANC
  - UDF - develop national campaigns (campaign structure)
    - Blunt systems
    - Constituent Assembly
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- criteria / defn of mass organizations

~~ANC~~

- not automatic conflation ~~and~~ from mass organizations
- dual existence
- independence of mass organization & liberation war

## T Lekota - Internal development

### CRITICISMS

- Foreign funds - win loyalties of leading activists
- lose independence of organisations
- we are entitled to receive <sup>foreign</sup> funds but only limited
- No mass work - <sup>lack of</sup> door-to-door approach
- educate the masses
- Practices of financial accountability (perhaps understandable during SOE) but cannot continue
- not fall victim to unconscious habits
- practices of staying in hotels must stop, must be part of our people
- no gap bet us + the masses
- <sup>not</sup> collecting subscriptions means that you do not have to be accountable
- decisions must be taken in an open and democratic manner

## RECOMMENDATIONS

(1) Campaign for non-racial elections + Constitutional Assembly

- Non-racial elections
- Constituent Assembly

(2) Bantustans

(3) Natal

- National Day of Protest
- Peace Rallies
- Exposure of Inequality

Solidarity &

(4) Crime

International Anti-Crime Commission

(5) Land